# Too much stuff – the impact of consumerism on climate change

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### Too much stuff?

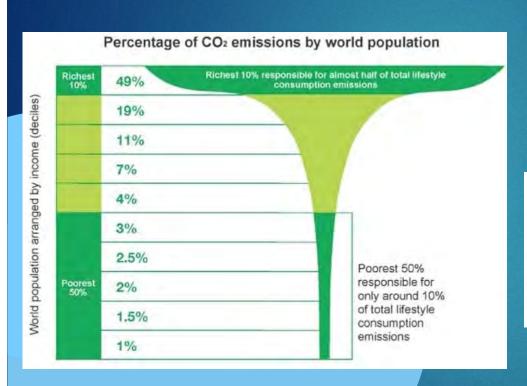








## Unsustainable lifestyles on a finite planet



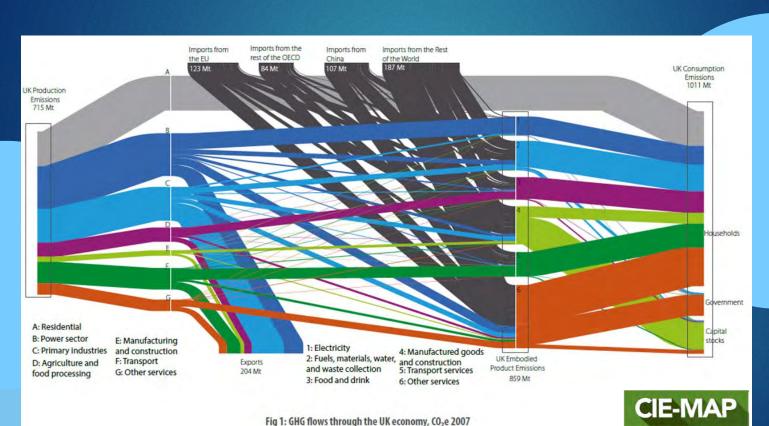


emits CO2 95 if we had three planets to Support us.

Source: World Wide Fund for Nature

Source: Oxfam

## More materials = More emissions

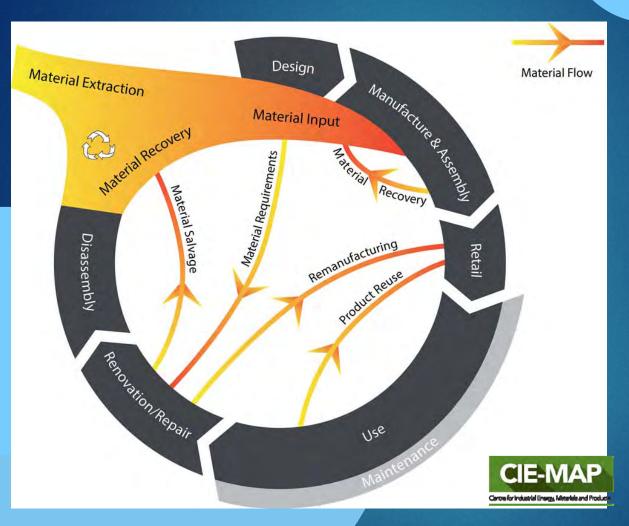


Source: CIE-MAP 2015

Centre for Insustrial Brangs, Materials and Products

## Impacts through the (cotton) life cycle

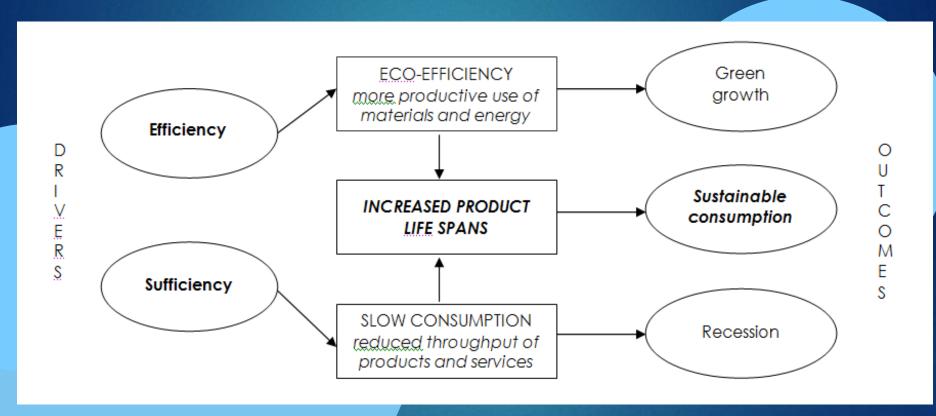




# Reducing material flows

Source: CIE-MAP 2015

## Longevity in context



Source: Cooper (2005) Slower Consumption

### Recent European Union initiatives















### Joint Mission Statement

Sustainable consumption and production: improving product durability and reparability

"We live in a disposable society. It's easier to throw things out than to fix them."

If the rest of the world consumed the way Europeans do, we would need the equivalent of two-and-a-half planets to meet the demand for resources<sup>1</sup>. Usable products and device components are scrapped at an alarming rate instead of being salvaged, fixed, and reused. By 2050, our level of consumption of minerals, fossil fuels and biomass will reach 140 billion tonnes, over double the current amount



Products must be durable, easy and affordable to repair, and information on these aspects clearly available to consumers. Half the respondents to a recent EU survey said they decided against repairing a faulty product in the past 12 months because repair costs were too high. 92% agreed that the lifespan of products available on the market should be indicated3.

As one of the fastest growing sectors, electric and electronic products are the first candidates for increased repair and longevity - but the principles could equally be applied to textiles, furniture and





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Circular Economy Package:

"Still A Long Way To Go"

Circular Economy Package: "Still A Long Way To Go"

Posted on 3 December 2015 by Darrel Moore

The European Commission yesterday (2 December) announced the adoption of its Iona-awaited Circular Economy Package 2.0. With arguably weaker recycling targets than its predecessor and a ban on landfilling separated waste, just what does the resources and waste industry have to say about it?

A few of the headline measures in the new Package include a

England Urged To Improve Recycling Performance

Viridor Secures 25-Year Welsh Residual Waste Deal



Triple Prosecution In Bid To Stub Out Cigarette Litter

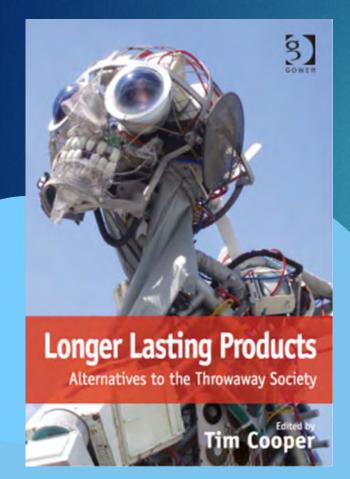


Sainsbury's Awards Swadlincote £1m To Become Waste Pioneers



common EU target for recycling 65% of municipal waste by 2030 and a target for recycling 75% of packaging waste. It will also see a binding target to reduce landfill to maximum of 10% of all waste by 2030 and a ban on landfilling of separately collected waste.

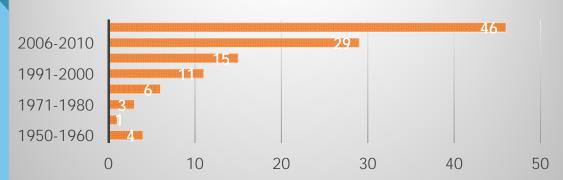
On the face of it the recycling targets appear weaker than the first proposed Package, which included a 70% recycling target for municipal waste by 2030 and an 80% recycling target for



Source: Cooper (2010)

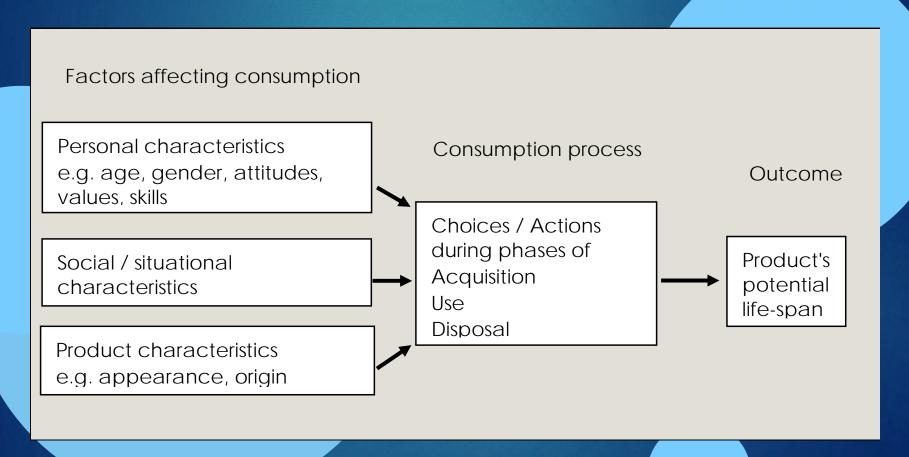
### Publications on product lifetimes

## Number of publications since 1950\*

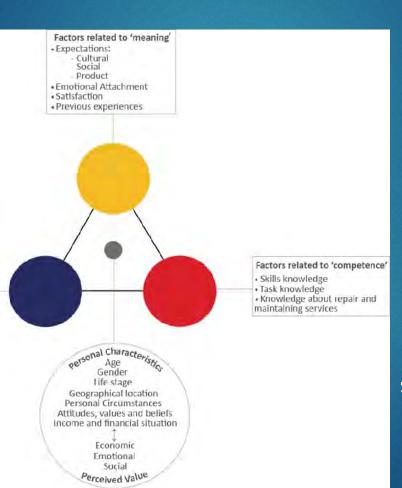


Source: Cooper, Braithwaite, Moreno and Salvia (2016, forthcoming)

## Consumer influences on life-spans



## Understanding consumers' behaviour



Factors related to 'material'

· Guaranties and warranties

Maintenance services and

infrastructures supporting maintenance activities • Space where the object lives • Space where maintenance

activities are carried out Instructions, manuals, network

learning spaces (online and physical)

Price and Costs
 Brand

QualityTechnologyAesthetics

\* Function

Materials

Mechanical tools

Source: Piscicelli, Cooper et al. (2015)





## Emissions and clothing longevity

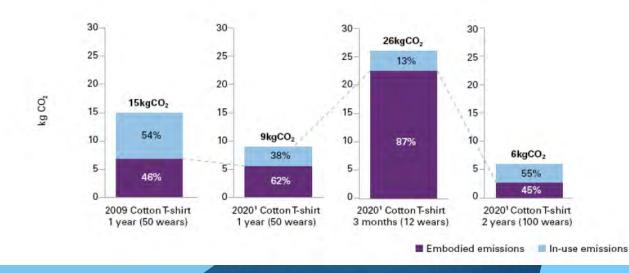


International Carbon Flows

Clothing

Estimates of future life cycle emissions from clothing vary widely with assumptions of longevity

Annual CO₂ emissions associated with wearing and washing a t-shirt once per week, and purchasing a new t-shirt after its maximum use



## Clothing studies for Defra and WRAP

### Public Understanding of Sustainable Clothing

A research report completed for the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs by Nottingham Trent University and Sheffield Hallam University

November 2008









Technical report

### Valuing Our Clothes: the evidence base



This report presents information on consumers' behaviour when purchasing, using, passing-on, recycling or throwing away clothing. Environmental impacts and financial implications associated with clothing design, production, purchase, use and end-of-life are estimated.

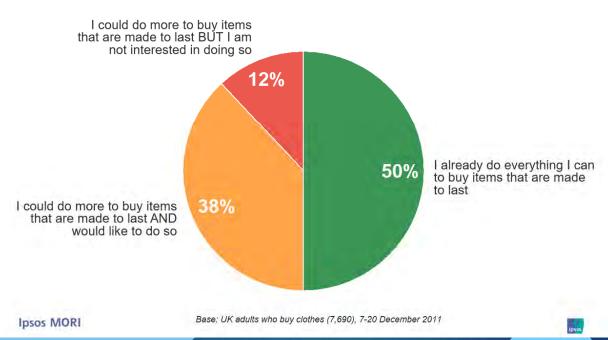
Project code: RRC-001 Research date: September 2011 – Merch 2012

Date: July 2012

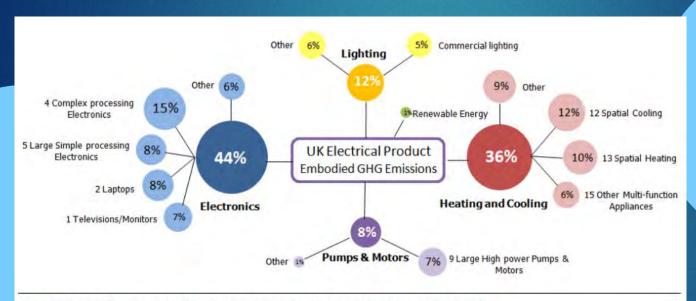
## Consumers' willingness to change

### **Clothing longevity**

Which of the following best describes your view about buying clothes that are made to last and look good for longer?



## Electrical and electronic waste



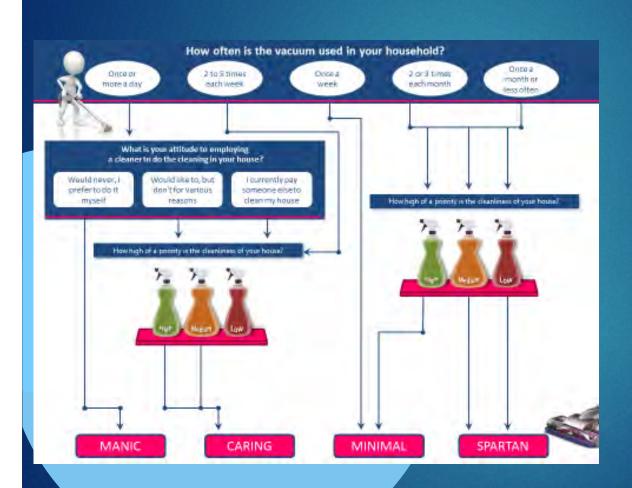


Source: Product Sustainability Forum (WRAP) (2012)



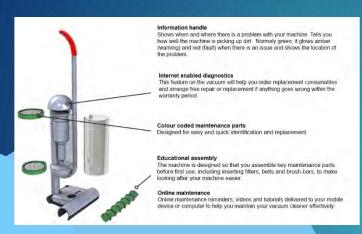


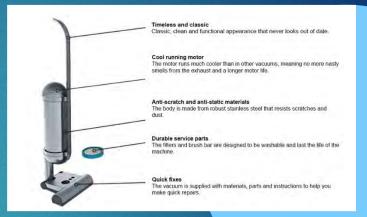
### Case 2: Vacuum cleaners





## Longer lasting vacuum cleaners - Design outcomes





### Information



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### PLATE Conference 2015

Nottingham UK, 17-19 June 2015

Nottingham Trent University was pleased to host the first international conference to examine Product Lifetimes and the Environment (PLATE) in the context of sustainability.

This groundbreaking event included keynote presentations, discussion, debate and workshops, an exhibition and a gala dinner, held at the historic venue of St. Mary's Church, in the heart of Nottingham's Lace Market.

### Conference aims

We reviewed current research on how and why increased product lifetimes have become an important element in resource efficiency, waste reduction and low carbon strategies for sustainability.

Academic researchers, industry representatives and policy stakeholders shared knowledge and experience on the influence that product longevity has on environmental, economic and social sustainability.

### Conference themes

### Contact us



Email us

Thanks all for coming! @PLATE2015 team is very pleased with the final result.

- 110 participants
   from 16 countries
- 66 accepted papers
- Public exhibition with 42 exhibits

### Contact details

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